

$$\text{Find } \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2+3n+2}$$

$$\text{Sol}^n:- \frac{1}{n^2+3n+2} = \frac{1}{(n+1)(n+2)}$$

$$\text{We can resolve } \frac{1}{(n+1)(n+2)} = \frac{A}{(n+1)} + \frac{B}{(n+2)}$$

$$\frac{1}{(n+1)(n+2)} = \frac{A(n+2) + B(n+1)}{(n+1)(n+2)}$$

$$\text{So } 1 = A(n+2) + B(n+1)$$

$$\text{Let } n=-1 \quad 1 = A(-1+2) + B(0) \quad \text{or } A=1$$

$$\text{Let } n=-2 \quad 1 = A(-2+2) + B(-2+1) \quad \text{or } B=-1$$

$$\text{So } \frac{1}{(n+1)(n+2)} = \frac{A}{(n+1)} + \frac{B}{(n+2)} = \frac{1}{(n+1)} - \frac{1}{(n+2)}$$

$$\text{Now } \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2+3n+2} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n+1} - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n+2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{5} \dots - \left(\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{5} + \dots \right)$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2+3n+2} = \frac{1}{2}$$